

# LABORATORY OF GENETICS AND GENOMICS

For local courier service and/or inquiries, please contact 513-636-4474 • Fax: 513-636-4373 www.cincinnatichildrens.org/moleculargenetics • Email: moleculargenetics@cchmc.org Mailing Address:

3333 Burnet Avenue, Room R1042 Cincinnati, OH 45229

# **GENETIC PHARMACOLOGY SERVICE REQUISITION**

# All Information Must Be Completed Before Sample Can Be Processed

PATIENT INFORMATION	ETHNIC/RACIAL BACKGROUND (Choose All)		
Patient Name:	<ul> <li>European American (White)</li> <li>African-American (Black)</li> <li>Native American or Alaskan</li> <li>Asian-American</li> <li>Pacific Islander</li> <li>Ashkenazi Jewish ancestry</li> <li>Latino-Hispanic</li> </ul>		
Home Phone: Date of Birth / / Gender:	(specify country/region of origin) □ Other		

#### **BILLING INFORMATION (Choose ONE method of payment)**

## □ REFERRING INSTITUTION

#### COMMERCIAL INSURANCE\*

Institution:	Insurance can only be billed if requested at the time of service.	
	Policy Holder Name:	
Address:	Gender: Date of Birth / /	
City/State/Zip:	Authorization Number:	
Accounts Payable Contact Name:	Insurance ID Number:	
Phone:	Insurance Name:	
Fax:	Insurance Address:	
Email:	City/State/Zip:	
	Insurance Phone Number:	

#### \* PLEASE NOTE:

- We will not bill Medicaid, Medicaid HMO, or Medicare except for the following: Cincinnati Children's Patients, Cincinnati Children's Providers, or Designated Regional Counties.
- If you have questions, please call 1-866-450-4198 for complete details.

#### SAMPLE/SPECIMEN INFORMATION

Each test requires 2 mL of whole blood in EDTA tube or 2 cytobrushes. Send to address at top of page.

Specimen Date: \_\_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_ Time: \_\_\_\_\_

Specimen Amount: \_\_\_\_

DRAWN BY: \_

\*Phlebotomist must initial tube of specimen to confirm sample identity. Sample tubes for liver transplant patients must be labeled as DONOR or RECIPIENT.

REFERRING PHYSICIAN					
Physician Name (print):					
Address:					
Phone: ()	Fax: ()				
Email:					
Genetic Counselor/Lab Contact Name:					
Phone: ()	Fax: ()				
Email:					
	Date:///				

#### □ Patient signed completed ABN

Medical Necessity Regulations: At the government's request, the Molecular Genetics Laboratories would like to remind all physicians that when ordering tests that will be paid under federal health care programs, including Medicare and Medicaid programs, that these programs will pay only for those tests the relevant program deems to be (1) included as covered services, (2) reasonable, (3) medically necessary for the treatment and diagnosis of the patient, and (4) not for screening purposes.



# **INDICATION FOR TESTING**

Indication for drug prescription (or ICD-9 Code): \_\_\_\_

# GPS TESTS AVAILABLE (Please choose ONE)

$\checkmark$	Test Name	Relevant Drugs		
	Psychiatry Pharmacogenetics Expanded Panel	22 drugs (see below for inclusions)		
	Opioid CYP2D6 Pharmacogenetics Panel	Codeine; Tramadol; Hydrocodone; Oxycodone		
	CYP2D6/CYP2C19 Genotype Analysis (for Bone Marrow Transplant or Aplastic Anemia Hem/Onc Patients)	Voriconizole, Codeine; Tramadol; Hydrocodone; Oxycodone		
Donor Sample Recipient Sample	CYP3A5 Genotype Analysis (for Liver or Kidney Transplant Patients)	Tacrolimus		
	TPMT Genotype Analysis	6-mercaptopurine; 6-thioguanine; azathioprine		
	Tamoxifen Pharmacogenetics	Soltamox		
	Warfarin Pharmacogenetics	Coumadin		

# CYTOCHROME P450 GENOTYPING ONLY

### Specify order here

$\checkmark$	Test Name
	CYP2C19 Genotyping Only
	CYP2C9 Genotyping Only
	CYP2D6 Genotyping Only
	CYP2D6/CYP2C19 Genotyping Only

Drugs included on Pharmacogenetics Psychiatry Expanded Panel							
Amitriptyline	Aripiprazole	Atomoxetine	Citalopram	Clomipramine	Desipramine	Doxepin	Escitalopram
Fluoxetine	Fluvoxamine	Haloperidol	Imipramine	Maprotiline	Nortriptyline	Olanzapine	Paroxetine
Perphenazine	Risperidone	Sertraline	Thioridazine	Trimipramine	Venlafaxine		



# **GENE TEST FOR MEDICINES: PATIENT/PARENT INFORMATION**

Throughout this document, references to "You" and "Your" may stand for either an adult patient or for the parents or legal guardians of a pediatric patient.

# WHAT ARE GENES?

Genes are pieces of DNA that we inherit from our parents. Genes provide the instructions to make our bodies look and work as they do.

#### WHAT DO GENES HAVE TO DO WITH MEDICINE?

Some genes affect the way medicines work in the body. When comparing a group of people, there can be slight differences in each gene's structure. These differences can affect how people react to medicine.

- 1. Some gene differences might make it harder for the body to get rid of some medicines. This means that usual doses of the medicine could give some people unexpected side effects.
- 2. Some gene differences can cause the body to use up a medicine too fast. This means that normal doses won't work as well and the person may need higher doses.
- 3. Some gene differences won't let certain medicines work in the body at all. This means a different medicine may work better.

#### WHAT IS THE GENE TEST CALLED?

The gene test being considered for you is called a pharmacogenetic test. It is easier to call it a PG test.

#### **IS THE PG TEST REQUIRED?**

Most PG tests are optional. A few new medicines are designed for people with certain cancers or infectious diseases. A PG test of a tumor or a person's blood may be needed to know if a medicine will work. Most times you can be treated with standard medicine doses without this PG test. Make sure you understand why your doctor is recommending a PG test for you.

#### WHAT DO YOU NEED FOR THE PG TEST?

About ½ teaspoon of your blood is needed for the PG test. It is also possible to do the test on scrapings from the inside of your cheek. Special brushes are needed to obtain the cheek scrapings.

# WHY DO YOU WANT TO DO A PG TEST?

A PG test can be done before or after a medicine is given to you.

• Before a medicine is given:

A PG test may help your doctor choose the medicine and dose that will work best for you.

• After a medicine is given:

A PG test may help the doctor understand why you are having problems with a medicine. The test may also help your doctor decide if a different dose or different medicine should be tried.

# WHAT ARE THE POTENTIAL BENEFITS OF A PG TEST?

- The test may improve the chances that the medicine will help you as intended.
- The test may lower the chance of severe side effects from the medicine.
- The PG test for the medicine may only need to be done once in a lifetime. The test looks at common gene differences. If the common gene differences are found in your blood, then the test will not need to be repeated.
- The gene tested today may be important for medicines that you need in the future.



Patient Name: \_\_\_\_

### WHAT ARE SOME OF THE LIMITATIONS OF THE PG TEST?

- The test only looks at common gene differences. This means if the test does not find any of the common gene differences, you could still have one or more rare gene differences. The test will not detect rare gene differences. Some of these rare differences might affect how you react to the medicine.
- Gene differences are only one of many factors that can affect how you react to medicine. A few examples of other factors are your age, weight, other medicines and illnesses. Your doctor will need to consider these factors along with the PG test results.

#### IS THERE ANYTHING ELSE I SHOULD KNOW ABOUT THE PG TEST?

In the future, some of these common gene differences may be found to be associated with other medical conditions.

The test results may be important for other family members. Biologic brothers, sisters and parents may have one or more of the same tested genes in common.

#### HOW MUCH DOES THE PG TEST COST?

The cost of the PG test depends on many factors. Insurance companies usually cover the costs of genetic tests that are used to guide medical management. Insurance companies vary in their coverage policies. It is wise to ask them directly whether or not they will cover the cost of PG testing.

#### HOW LONG DOES IT TAKE TO GET THE TEST RESULTS?

Test results will be ready in 2 business days.

# HOW WILL I LEARN ABOUT THE TEST RESULTS?

The doctor or nurse will discuss the test results. The doctor will receive a report from the laboratory. The report will describe how your doctor can adjust your medicine based on your test results.

#### WILL THE GENE RESULT BE IN THE MEDICAL RECORDS?

Yes. Cincinnati Children's strictly follows HIPAA guidelines to protect medical information.

#### WHAT WILL HAPPEN TO MY SAMPLE?

Your DNA from the blood sample may be stored for up to two years in case future tests are needed. Neither your sample nor DNA will be used for research purposes.